

Product Datasheet

GAD67 antibody GRP108

Description	This gene encodes one of several forms of glutamic acid decarboxylase, identified as a major autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes. The enzyme encoded is responsible for catalyzing the production of gamma-aminobutyric acid from L-glutamic acid. A pathogenic role for this enzyme has been identified in the human pancreas since it has been identified as an autoantigen and an autoreactive T cell target in insulin-dependent diabetes. This gene may also play a role in the stiff man syndrome. Deficiency in this enzyme has been shown to lead to pyridoxine dependency with seizures. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two products, the predominant 67-kD form and a less-frequent 25-kD form. [provided by RefSeq]
Species/Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Tested Applications	ICC, IF, IHC-P, WB
Immunogen	Recombinant protein encompassing a sequence within the N-terminus region of human GAD67. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Form/Appearance	Liquid: 1XPBS, 1% BSA, 20% Glycerol (pH7). 0.025% ProClin 300 was added as a preservative.
Concentration	0.4 mg/ml
Storage	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Note	For research use only.
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purity	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.
Uniprot ID	Q99259
Entrez	2571
Dilution Range	WB: 1:500-1:3000, ICC: 1:100-1:1000, IHC-P: 1:100-1:1000

